neuac

The National Energy and Utility Affordability Coalition

LIHEAP needs at least \$4.7 billion in FY17

Missouri's LIHEAP Funding Down 31% from FY10 to FY15
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	Fiscal Year	Nationa	l Total	Missou	ri's Allocation ¹	
20	2017 (President) \$3.00 b		oillion	\$64,214,564		
	2016 (est.) \$3		\$3.39 billion		\$73,121,005	
	2015		\$3.39 billion		\$73,771,730	
	2014 \$3.42 b		oillion	\$70,882,484		
	2013	2013 \$3.25 t		\$7	/3,771,730	
	2012 \$3.47 b		oillion	\$68,231,128		
	2011	\$4.71 billion		\$100,193,313		
	2010		\$5.10 billion		\$107,144,571	
State ²	Households Eligible		Households		% Household	ls
(5 year ave		erage) Serve		l (FY15)	NOT Served (F	¥15
Missou	ouri 723,167		142,599		80%	

The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) provides critical home heating and cooling help to millions of vulnerable American families. After long underfunding LIHEAP, Congress appropriated \$5.1 billion for the program in FY09 and FY10, and \$4.7 billion in FY11. Since then, funding has fallen to \$3.39 billion in FY16. As a result, more than one million eligible US households are not receiving assistance each year, and individual grants have been reduced from an average of \$520 to \$413 per year. This is occurring even while the number of at-risk households remains virtually unchanged from their all-time highs.³

Why Fund LIHEAP at \$4.7 Billion?

LIHEAP is Not an Entitlement:

Unlike entitlement programs that receive funding increases with growth in the eligible population, LIHEAP is funded by the annual congressional appropriations process. While states set eligibility rates, the income *maximum* is 150 percent of the federal poverty guideline or 60 percent of a state's median income. For example, 150 percent of the FY17 poverty guideline for a family of three is \$30,135.⁴ Most LIHEAP recipients earn much less than the maximum thresholds: the most recent data show that a typical LIHEAP recipient household had a median income of 83.5 percent of the federal poverty guideline.⁵

The Need for LIHEAP Remains High:

In 2014, the national poverty rate was 14.8 percent, and 46.7 million Americans lived in poverty. These numbers, at or near all-time US highs, have been virtually unchanged since the end of the recession.⁶

LIHEAP Prioritizes Vulnerable Households:

State LIHEAP administrators report that nearly 73 percent of LIHEAP recipient households had at least one vulnerable person – a senior age 60 or older, a child age 5 and under, or an individual with a disability.⁷

LIHEAP Helps Veterans:

LIHEAP recipient households containing a veteran jumped 150+ percent over three years – from about 700,000 in FY08 to 1.78 million in FY11.⁸

NEUAC's Recommendation to Congress: NEUAC urges Congress to restore LIHEAP to at least \$4.7 billion, to concentrate funds in base grants, and to reject efforts that siphon appropriated funds from LIHEAP's core energy-assistance mission.

- content/uploads/2016/02/purchasingpower1216.pdf
- ⁴ LIHEAP IM 2015-03 http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ocs/resource/liheap-hhs-poverty-guidelines-for-optional-use-in-ffy-2015-and-mandatory-use-in-ffy-2016
- ⁵ HHS FY2017 Budget Justification
 ⁶ "Income and Poverty in the United States: 2014"

⁸ "LIHEAP Recipients by Veteran Status" http://neada.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/12/LIHEAP Veteran Study V3.pdf

¹ FY10-15 Data, HHS; FY16-17 data does not include tribal funding - from HHS FY2017 Budget Justification: https://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/olab/final_cj_2017_print.pdf

² Eligible Households developed using most recent 5-year (2010-2014) ACS PUMS File. Households Served from state reports.

³ US Census Bureau: "Income and Poverty in the United States: 2014" <u>http://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2015/demo/p60-252.pdf;</u> NEADA Purchasing Power Table <u>http://neada.org/wp-</u>

⁷ NEADA 2014 LIHEAP Household Report <u>http://neada.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/State-Table-FY14-Households-Served.pdf</u>
⁸ "I HEAP Provincente hu Vaterer Status" http://neada.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/State-Table-FY14-Households-Served.pdf