#### NEUAC 2015 Baltimore, Maryland Prepay Panel #2 Consumer Protections

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## MD Office of People's Counsel

- Independent Maryland state agency
- Represent residential utility customers
- Utilities
  - Electricity
  - Gas
  - Private water
  - Telecommunications
- Activities
  - Legal Advocacy
  - Direct customer assistance
  - Outreach

## **Consumer Advocate Concerns**

- Prepaid plans benefit utilities more than consumers
- Essential gas and electric service is treated more like a non-essential service
- Long-standing consumer protections are diminished
  - Termination notices
  - Disconnection procedures
  - Restrictions on disconnection
  - Protection of customers with serious medical problems
  - Availability of deferred payment plans and other bill assistance

## **Consumer Advocate Concerns**

- Low and moderate income customers are targeted for these plans
  - Utility rationale for prepaid plans: reduction of collection, disconnection and reconnection costs; customer service expenses and reduced arrears and bad debt
  - Low and moderate income customers are more likely to be payment troubled
- Prepaid plans are the wrong tool to address the issue of energy affordability
- There can be additional fees and charges
  - Security deposits
  - Deposits for prepayment devices or systems
  - Fees for additional payments during a month
  - Fees for purchase of credits

## **Consumer Advocate Concerns**

- Energy use reductions to avoid disconnections may have unintended consequences
  - Health and safety
  - Additional costs to customer
- Energy savings can be achieved through energy efficiency programs
  - Utilities are promoting prepaid plans as energy efficiency programs
  - Difference between diminished service and efficient service

# If prepaid payment plans are under consideration...

- Public Service Commissions should
  - Conduct a full review and opportunity for evidentiary hearing
  - Consider the cost-effectiveness and relative value of such programs
  - Adopt mandatory consumer protections that are the same or comparable to existing protections
  - Mandate reporting requirements

### **Minimum Consumer Protections**

- Current state consumer protection rules must not be bypassed or eliminated
- Reasonable disconnection notice and grace period must be provided
- Participation by low-income households and those with medical or other health and safety issues should be prohibited
- Prepaid plans should not be presented to payment troubled customers as a means to avoid service disconnection

### **Minimum Consumer Protections**

- Rates should be lower for prepaid service
- There should be a prohibition on imposition of security deposits and additional fees
- > 24/7 availability of means to purchase service credits should be provided
- Immediate posting of payments and service restoration should be required
- Protection of prepaid funds should be provided in the event of insolvency or other financial difficulty

### Resources

- " "Prepaid Utility Service, Low-Income Customers and LIHEAP," LIHEAP Clearinghouse, March 2014 Report
- Rethinking Prepaid Utility Service," National Consumer Law Center Report (June 2012)
- NASUCA Resolution 2011–3 "Urging States to Require Consumer Protections as a Condition for Approval of Prepaid Residential Gas and Electric Service," at <u>www.nasuca.org</u>
- *"Finding Common Ground Between Consumer and Environmental Advocates*," Ralph Cavanagh and John Howat (May 2, 2012) at <u>www.ElectricityPolicy.com</u>
- *Prepay Plan for Electricity Offer Alternative to the Usual Monthly Power Bill*," (June 6, 2014) at <a href="http://news.nationalgeographic.com">http://news.nationalgeographic.com</a>

### For more information

Thank you!

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