# HEALTHY HOMES

IMPROVING HEALTH, CHANGING LIVES

Presented by: Group14 Engineering





#### "The connection between health and the dwelling of the population is one of the most important that exists."

#### – Florence Nightingale

# SOME OF THE FACTS

- Over 6 million families are living in unhealthy housing.
- In 2008, **7.8 percent** of the U.S population (23.3 million Americans) suffered from asthma, including 7.0 million children.
- Asthma is the third-ranking cause for **children to miss school**.
- There are 20,000 cases of Carbon Monoxide **poisoning** per year.
- The presence of dampness and mold in our homes increases **respiratory health problems** by 35-52%.
- Poor housing conditions, such as cleanliness inside the building (physical condition of the interior, and condition of furnishings) are associated with **increased odds of diabetes**.
- Residential fires claim a life every 3 hours and are the 3<sup>rd</sup> leading cause of home fatal injury



HEALTH-RELATED HOUSING QUALITY ISSUES

#### Table 9. Prevalence of Health-Related Housing Quality Issues (n=370)

Health-Related Housing Quality Issue	%
Pests	31.9
Fire	35.7
Mold	34.9
Appliances	54.6
Accessibility	24.1
Plumbing	48.6
Tripping	16.8
Air Quality	15.4
Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI)	14.9

Source: 2007-2011 physical inspections from HUD, LIHTC, and RD communities

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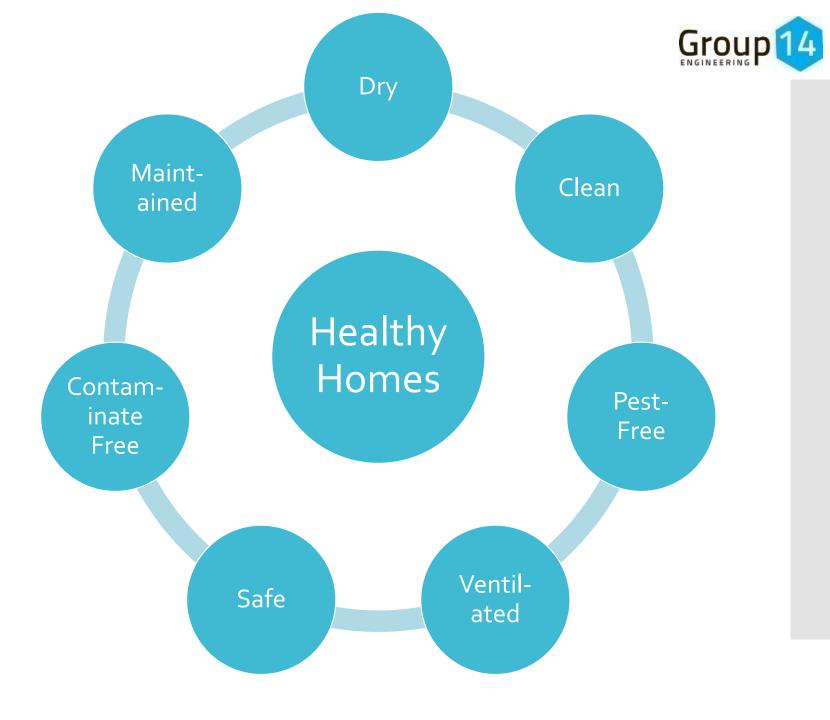
WHAT HEALTHY HOUSING CAN DO...

- Reduce elevated blood lead levels
- Decrease asthma prevalence
- Improve school attendance rates
- Reduce energy costs for families/management
- Increase durability of equipment, appliances, and furnishings
- Reduce healthcare costs for society
- Diminish racial & economic health disparities
- Safer housing/neighborhood stabilization
- Reduce the risk of fire deaths and fire injuries
- Improved mental health
- Improved tenant awareness on connection between health and housing
- Improved educational outcomes for youth

... and much, much more.

7 PRINCIPLES TO A HEALTHY HOME

- National Center for Healthy Housing





CO-BENEFITS OF WEATHERIZ-ATION AND HEALTH INTERVENTIONS • Consolidates program interventions, staffing, and paperwork

- Creates a more effective and efficient process for addressing and remediating issues
- Reduces the burden on the tenants # of times need to be in the home
- Increases resident motivation to take part in efficient behaviors when it's tied to their own health and well-being
- Identifies housing and physical assessments needs that often go unreported (such as mold, leaks and pests)

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WHAT WE LOOKED AT IN THE AUDIT

- Exhaust & Air Flow
- Mold & Moisture
- Fire and CO Monitors
- Trip Hazards
- Presence of pests
- Formaldehyde
- VOCs

- Mercury
- Radon
- Lead
- Asbestos



#### PROJECT 1 AUDIT OUTCOMES

Existing Conditions	Indicator	Health Measure
Bathroom Exhaust Fans are Low Flow	100% under code minimum (50cfm)	Install Energy Star Exhaust Fans
Ventilation / Air Quality	Corridor and common area ventilation inadequate	Replace MAUs
Radon detected	1 of 4 testing locations over 4piC/L limit	Perform a long-term radon test to more effectively identify radon levels in the building
Inoperable / outdated smoke alarms	50% outdated, broken or unused	Replace the smoke alarms in all units
Safety signage missing for units w/ oxygen tanks	72% of units with oxygen tanks had no signage	Install safety signage for those homes that contain oxygen tanks
Signs of smoking in units	15% of units had signs of smoking (no smoking building)	Provide education on the importance of environmental tobacco smoke and reinforce lease with residents
Mold present in the units	62% of units had mold	Remediate presence and source (when applicable) of mold
Mercury containing bulbs	100% of units	Replace all bulbs with LED lighting
Damaged screens and soffit	35% of units had broken or non- existent screens and building soffit damaged	Fix / Replace damaged window screens and soffit

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#### PROJECT 2 AUDIT OUTCOMES

Existing Conditions	Indicator	Health Measure
Poor Ventilation	Corridor and stairwell exhaust non- functional and/or inadequate	Fix the rooftop and stairwell exhaust fans, repair exhaust grills, and rebalance.
Inoperable / outdated smoke alarms	25% of units had inoperable or missing detectors	Replace the smoke alarms in all applicable units
Bathroom Exhaust Fans are Low Flow	100% inadequate flow and 58% either had no flow or too low to detect.	Fix the rooftop and stairwell exhaust fans, repair exhaust grills, and rebalance.
Anti-scald mixing valves	65% of units had hot water temperatures over 120*F limit.	Installing an anti-scald mixing valve will protect against burns and the higher tank temperature will ward against legionella.
Safety signage missing for units w/ oxygen tanks	100% units with oxygen did not have signage – most of which had signs of smoking too	Install safety signage for those homes that contain oxygen tanks
Signs of smoking in units	50% of units had signs of smoking	Provide education on the importance of environmental tobacco smoke and provide on-site designated smoking area
Mold present in the units / Moisture levels	65% signs of mold and 60% high moisture levels	Remediate presence and source (when applicable) of mold; Hire industry professional to perform whole building inspection
Mercury containing bulbs	100% of units contained mercury	Replace all bulbs with LED lighting
Presence of pests	Pest issues found throughout the building (cockroaches, bed bugs, ladybugs)	Institute IPM policy and fix ventilation system

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#### 60% participated in the survey

- In general, **residents reported being quite comfortable and content** with their living environment. 80% felt their temperature and air flow in their home was good; those that were dissatisfied felt their units got too hot while others felt that the bathrooms were too cold.
- Alternatives sources of heating and cooling were minimal, **16% of homes stated that they have either used space heaters in the bathrooms and/or used their ovens to heat their homes.** Proper education on how to stay comfortable and safe in the winter months would be beneficial.
- Very few residents reported health concerns commonly related to indoor environmental quality (13%). Of those that did report concerns, 75% were smokers.

#### PROJECT 1 SURVEY OUTCOMES

PROJECT 2 SURVEY OUTCOMES

- Of the sample units audited, **85% participated in the survey.**
- In general, residents reported **average comfort with their living environment.** 64% felt their temperature and air flow in their home was good; those that were dissatisfied felt their units got too hot in both the summer and winter months while corner units complained of cold drafts.
- Alternatives sources of heating and cooling were minimal, **15% of homes** stated that they have either used space heaters or they use the a/c in the winter time or are opening windows.
- **Pests in the building are a major point of concern.** Most residents reported having issues with pests currently or in the past. Residents also reported using harmful pesticides as a way of dealing with the pests.
- Some residents reported health concerns as a result of allergens and allergies. They expressed that this issue was coming directly from environmental tobacco smoke.





EXHAUST AND AIR FLOW





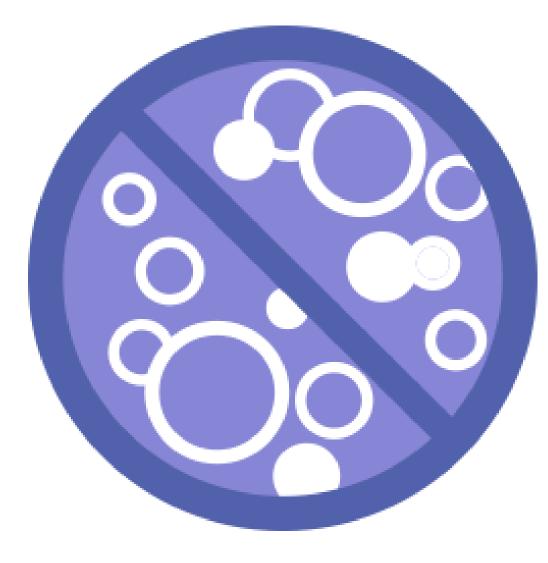
EXHAUST AND AIR FLOW Proper ventilation can reduce hazards of:

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
- Environmental Tobacco Smoke
- Allergens
- Mold
- Carbon Monoxide
- Formaldehyde
- Radon

HEALTH IMPACTS: CO Poisoning Eye, nose, and throat irritation Shortness of breath Allergies Asthma Respirator Diseases



# MOLD AND MOISTURE





Proper moisture control reduces hazards of:

- Wasted water / \$ (leaks)
- Extensive damage to property
- Mold damage

HEALTH IMPACTS: Respiratory Disease Coughing and Wheezing Attract Pests Asthma









# MOLD and MOISTURE



## FIRE AND BURNS





#### Proper fire and burn control, reduces the hazards of:

- Burns from fire
- Burns for hot water
- Fatal smoke inihilation
- Fires starting from kitchen ranges (the number one cause of house fires)
- Exposure of oxygen tanks to flames

HEALTH IMPACTS: Scalding / Burns Smoke Poisoning Death

## FIRE AND BURNS



## PEST MANAGE-MENT





Proper pest control:

- Reduces triggers for asthma and allergies
- Reduces contaminated food
- Minimizes people overreacting and ignoring pesticide labels
- Lowers transmission of disease
- Decreases negative psychological impacts
- Coordinates responsibilities
- Minimizes exposures to toxins
- Provides longer lasting control
- Reduces complaints
- Is holistic

THE PROBLEM WITH PESTS...



Proper ventilation control

- Proper fire and safety management
- Integrated pest management
- Green cleaning policies and guidelines
- HUD and code allowances
- How to improve their housing and reduce complaints
- Schedule for preventative maintenance
- How to educate their residents
- What residents are doing in their home

# EDUCATION: STAFF



# EDUCATION: RESIDENTS

- Use a **good housekeeping** routine clean the corners and vents in your home regularly
- Check cupboards often for pests, leaks and mold
- Do NOT bring in **used furniture** and bedding (especially mattresses)
- Get your **pets treated** for fleas and other pests
- **Report leaks** (plumbing, roof, and toilets) as soon as possible small problems can become big one's quick
- Use your bathroom and kitchen fans
- If you smoke, **smoke outside** at least 20ft away from home
- Do not dismantle CO or Fire Monitors
- Use LED **bulbs** whenever possible and Dispose of CFLs properly to avoid mercury poisoning









### QUESTIONS / COMMENTS

