South Carolina

LIHEAP FY2023 Profile



Households served with a vulnerable member



Households Served with a child under 6

a disabled member

with a senior

Total Households Served

48,638

Less than

Eligible Population 521,255

Total Funding Available

\$78,358,705

14%

Weatherization Admin

Cooling

Use of Funds

Average annual percentage point reduction in energy burden after LIHEAP

21%

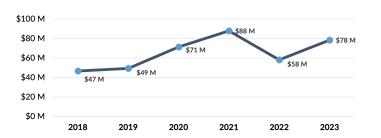
Adults who were unable to pay their energy bill at least once in the last 12 months* 14.902

Number of times LIHEAP restored or prevented disconnection in FY2023**

Income Eligibility Requirements

\$41,625 for a 4-person household

Annual Funds, 2018 - 2023 (\$ millions)



35%

Adults who forwent necessary expenses, such as medicine or food, to pay an energy bill*

21%

Adults who kept their home at an unsafe or unhealthy temperature due to rising energy costs*

Types of Assistance

Heating

18,598

Households

\$1.060 Average Benefit

Crisis Assistance - 47%

Heating Assistance - 26%

Cooling Assistance - 13%

Administrative & Planning - 8%

Weatherization Assistance - 6% Other - 0% (Nominal, Carryover, Other)

26,729

Households

\$1,352

Cooling

12,161

Households Served

\$805

Weatherization

Year-Round Crisis

349

Households Served

LIHEAP Fast Facts

The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) provides crucial financial assistance to help low-income families afford energy costs.





Households Supported

Nearly 6 million households across the US received assistance from LIHEAP in 2023.





Weatherized Homes

More than 60,000 homes were weatherized with LIHEAP funds in 2023, making them more energy-efficient.



Disconnections Prevented

In 2023, LIHEAP prevented energy disconnections or reconnected households 2.75 million times.





Poverty Impact

In 2023, energy assistance helped lift 34,000 children and 68,000 older adults out of poverty.





LIHEAP Impact

LIHEAP plays a crucial role in helping income-constrained families afford energy costs, preventing disconnections, and improving energy efficiency, ultimately impacting poverty levels and enhancing the overall well-being and safety of vulnerable households.

